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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

VOL. XXXI NO. 266 BOMBAY TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1943 Price: 2 Annas

DENA BANK
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Authorised Capital	... ...	Rs.	50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	... ...	Rs.	20,00,000
Paid-up Capital	... ...	Rs.	14,35,000
Reserve Fund	... ...	Rs.	1,20,000
Total Deposits	31-10-43	Rs.	3,18,98,224
Total Working Funds	„ ...	Rs.	3,48,93,224
No. of Accounts	„ ...		16,30
No. of Branches	... ...		21

SAVINGS BANK DEPT. OF ALL BRANCHES OPEN ON SUNDAY MORNINGS.

Assembly Parties Demand Inquiry Into Food Crisis

TWO-DAY DEBATE LIKELY

Opposition Expects Full Support From Congress M.L.A's.

(Through A. P. & U. P.)

NEW DELHI, November 8.

The demand for a full enquiry into the food situation is now supported by three Parties in the Assembly.

Amendments tabled by members of the European Group and the Moslem League party signify general approval of the Nationalist Party resolution which is down for discussion to-morrow, recommending the appointment of an enquiry committee of economists, judges and administrators.

Two Days For Food Debate

Sponsors of this resolution will press for a separate debate on it, even though, as is expected, the Food Member may to-morrow announce the allotment of two days this session for a general debate on the food situation.

But since the resolution stands third on the agenda, efforts are being made to secure an agreement by which speakers on the first two resolutions will ration their speeches in order that the Nationalist Party resolution may be debated, or at least be moved. It has been drawn in Pt. L. K. Maitra's name but it has been arranged that Mr. K. C. Neogy should move it.

DEMAND FOR ROYAL COMMISSION

The European Group Amendment to it tabled by Sir Frederick James and Mr. Lawson wants a Royal Commission or as an alternative a judicial committee consisting of a High Court Judge as Chairman (Sir B. N. Rau if possible) and two assessors, one a representative of the Ministry of Food in the United Kingdom and the other a person experienced in Public Health Administration.

The amendment tabled by Sir Ziauddin Ahmed (Muslim League) recommends an approach to H.M.G. to appoint a Royal Commission to enquire into the food situation in India and in particular to find out the cause of the distress in Bengal.

The resolution which stands second on the agenda also refers to the food situation and is sponsored by the Muslim League Party. It asks for steps to prohibit the Central and Provincial Governments and "its members" from making any profit on food grains and recommends to the Governor-General-in-Council to advise Indian States to take steps for the same end.

CONGRESS SUPPORT?

The Opposition parties count on the vigorous support of the Congress members. In addition to the ten who were present to-day, some sixteen other Congress members are out of jail now out of a total party strength of 40, and it is anticipated by those already here that most of these sixteen will be back in their seats before the session ends.

"FIRST THINGS FIRST"

"We are taking first things first", says Dr. G. V. Deshmukh who took the lead in suggesting that the boycott of the Assembly should end. "We want to do what we can to deal with the food problem. If we are successful, I expect our supporters in the country would want us to continue in the Assembly. We can then make an effort to deal with other problems."

Before the two resolutions on food are reached, however, the debate has to conclude on the resolution moved by Sir Ziauddin Ahmed last session asking Government to modify its currency policy and to concentrate on stability of prices rather than on stability of the Bank rate of interest.

HOW ARMY WORKS IN BENGAL

The Army's assistance to the Bengal Government in the famine area is organized on a simple and clearly defined plan, it is stated. Lt.-Gen. Mayne, G.O., C.-in-C., Eastern Command, may be described as the supreme liaison officer between the Army and the Bengal Government. Directly under his orders is Maj.-Gen. Stuart who commands the Lines of Communications area in which Bengal is included. Maj.-Gen. Wakely, a senior staff officer, whose services have temporarily been put at the disposal of the Bengal Government, is Director of Movement of Supply, working under the orders of the Bengal Government and taking his instructions from the Bengal Food Commissioner. He having been informed by the Food Commissioner of the Districts in which food is most urgently required, applies to Gen Stuart. In the affected districts military officers, from Lieutenant-Colonels to Viceroy's Commissioned Officers work in the closest liaison with the civil district officers. It is their task, when approached by the civil officers, to supply men and vehicles for transportation, distribution, guarding and storage of food. Throughout the whole Province, the Army is acting solely in support and assistance of the Civil Administration, the Director of the Military effort as requested by the Bengal Government.

Their Excellencies the Vicerov and Viscountess Wavell have made a contribution of Rs 1,000 to the Viceroy's Distress Relief Fund.

Death Roll

CALCUTTA: There were 110 admissions of sick destitutes in various hospitals in the city and suburbs yesterday. Deaths [illegible]

59 such destitutes were reported from the hospitals.

Yesterday 114 dead bodies of sick destitutes were disposed of in the city by the Hindu Satkar Samity and the Anjuman Majid-ul-Islam.

LESSER DEATHS IN CITY

Deaths from all causes recorded in the city during the week ending November 6, numbered 1,875. This compares favourable with the 2,214 of the previous week. There were 100 attacks and 51 deaths from cholera during this period as against 152 and 67, respectively of the previous week. There was a considerable decrease in the number of deaths of 'paupers' during this period. 526 'paupers' died in the week as against 1,734 in the preceding week.

Jackals Devour Before Death

MUNSHIGANJ: There were three deaths among the destitutes in the town.

A dying man was seen in front of the local Muktears' Library being devoured by jackals and dogs. The man died shortly after.

Reports from the interior indicates large number of deaths due to lack of attention and treatment.

BURDWAN: The number of dead bodies cremated in the town was 226 in the last month. The figures of the previous months are 97 in August and 152 in September, 1943.

DACCA DEATHS

DACCA: 171 starvation cases have been admitted into the destitutes hospital, started at the National Medical Institute, in the last eight days. Out of these 20 died.

Thirty-nine starvation cases were admitted in the Mitford Hospital during the week ending November 5 and 18 died in the hospital. The total number of admissions of such cases in the last nine weeks since the starting of the war is now 652. Of these 180 have died.

Effects of starvation are reported from every village in the area. In the village of Satbhaiapara-Sahapur, the number of such deaths is reported to be 30, while in Kabiljunj and Tipardy areas the number is 35 and 25 respectively. Three unidentified dead bodies have been picked up by Sonargaon Ramkrishna Mission workers. The Mission has opened twelve centres and is feeding about 3,000 persons daily and also distributing milk-Palo to 350 children. The Mission has also arranged to distribute 100 pieces of sarees, 100 pieces of lungies and 1,000 pieces of garments.

CLOTH FOR BENGAL

AHMEDABAD: The Ahmedabad Relief Committee has decided to despatch to Bengal and Orissa cloth worth Rs. 50,000 in addition to that already sent. The Committee has also sanctioned Rs. 1,12,000 for purchasing 200 tons of rice, if available, from Bihar for being despatched to Bengal.

NO COMMUNALISM IN LEAGUE RELIEF

Liaquat Ali's Reply To Mrs. Rajen Nehru

NEW DELHI, Nov 7.

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, Hon. Secretary, All-India Muslim League has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"My attention has been drawn to certain remarks which Mrs. Rajen Nehru, Secretary, Delhi Women's League, made during the course of her speech at a public meeting held in Diwan Hall on Friday November 5, in connection with famine condition in Bengal, and which was published in the "Hindustan Times" dated November 6, she is reported to have stated that "The Muslim League was introducing communalism even in relief work, although free kitchens opened by the Arya Seva Samaj Samiti and the Women's Conference were open to all without distinction of caste and creed. Even the Ministry was actuated by communal consideration in arranging the distribution of granis in the Province."

"I am afraid, Mrs. Nehru has been ill-served by those who supplied her this information, which is absolutely incorrect, if not malicious. The Muslim League as such has not opened any free kitchens. In response to the appeal [illegible]

BENGAL OFFICIAL ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Nov. 8

A Bengal Government official who had been deputed to make purchases of pulses in the Chhattisgarh Division, was arrested on a charge of accepting illegal gratification. It is alleged that Rs. 1,000 were recovered from his person.—United Press.

HEAVY CASUALTIES IN LONDON RAID

LONDON, Nov. 8

Only a small number of German aircraft crossed the coast during the night—one estimate says six—but the Air Ministry announces "a considerable number of people were killed at one place." The bombing of the dance-hall was the worst raid incident in London area since the Catford School was bombed with a death roll of 44. Boys and girls were among the victims. Many people were also killed in a neighbouring public house. Shops were wrecked and the street was strewn with dead and wounded. Human chains passed stretchers to and from the top of the demolished dance-hall and the casualties were treated at an emergency field hospital. This morning in a nearby street there was a pile of frocks, capes, power-puffs—relics of the dead dancers.

Elsewhere bombs were dropped on the borders of three London suburbs and four people were killed.

An earlier message said:—

The scene was lit up by a furniture shop which appeared to have received a direct hit and "burst into flames like a box of matches." Many of the men in the dance-hall were soldiers, sailors and a airmen on leave.

Beneath the dance-hall was a milk bar also crowded at the time the air plane swooped low and released high explosive.

STOP EXPORTS TO S. AFRICA

"And You Will See Smuts On His Knees Within Three Months"

Speaking under the auspices of the Freedom Group on the South African Indian question at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall on Monday evening, Mr. M. H. Jadwat, the representative of the South African Indian Congress suggested the stoppage of Indian export trade, particularly in gunny-bags and textiles as the only effective sanction that would bring the European element in South Africa to its senses. The speaker said, "Stop sending gunny-bags and textiles to South Africa, and you will see that General Smuts is on his knees within three months". Prof. P. A. Wadia, the President of the Group was in the chair.

Mr. Jadwat traced the history of Indians in South Africa, and quoted various extracts from European writers to point out that the prosperity of South Africa was built up mainly on the Indian labour. He referred to the discrimination practised by the South African Whites against the Indians. He further recalled how General Smuts went back on his promise to late G. K. Gokhale to repeal the three-pound tax that was then levied on Indians.

The speaker further said an opportunist, and an arch-enemy of India and Indians, Smuts was responsible for the Pegging Act which was mainly directed against Indians, and wondered how a man like him who persistently refused to grant equal rights of citizenship to a few Indians could help in bringing about "new order" in the world.

INDIAN COMMITTEE OF WORLD AFFAIRS

PESHAWAR, Nov. 8

The 'United Press' learns that in order to study world problems from Indian viewpoint efforts are being made to establish an Indian committee of world affairs. The sponsors of the move are Pandit Hridaynath Kunzru an Mr. P. N. Sapru. The committee, it is understood, will represent all principal groups and interests in the country and will not engage itself in propaganda on any particular point of view. Necessary correspondence in this connection is in progress.

Interviewed by the 'United Press' in this connection, Rai Bahadur Mehrchand Khanna, M.L.A., welcomed the move and said that the case of India should neither go by default nor be misrepresented in the Peace Conference after war.

lim League, Mussalmans from all over India have been sending their contributions in cash and in kind to the Muslim Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, which has opened a number of free kitchens for the distribution of gruel and milk to children and to the feeding mothers. Free supply of rice and cloth was made greater in Calcutta than in mofussil and relief is given to the unfortunate people without any distinction of caste or creed.

BRIGHT SPOT IN DARK TRAGEDY

As a matter of fact one of the bright spots in the dark tragedy of Bengal is the non-communal value of relief that is being given by the various organisations and committees, and the friendly co-operation that exists between them.

"When Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan, Chairman, Central Civil Defence Committee, All-India Muslim League and myself during our three-weeks' tour of Bengal visited Faridpore, the local Muslim League that day gave 100 saris as free gifts and these were distributed equally between Hindu and Muslim women destitutes.

There are many instances such as this of non-discriminating charity which are within my personal knowledge.

'MINISTRY ABOVE IT'

As regards the charge against the Ministry of showing communal consideration in the distribution of grains in the Province, during our tour I met a number of prominent persons both Hindus and Muslims belonging to all shades of opinion and political affiliation and even the bitterest critic of the Ministry did not make any such charge against it. "I am sorry that Mrs Nehru should have allowed herself to be misled by people whose sole aim in life appears to be to damn the Muslim League not by fair means, but by means that are false

38 Killed In Plane Crash

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8.

The Government of India regret to announce that a number of civilians were killed on Friday, November 5, when an aircraft crashed on to some huts near Poona, says a Press note. An enquiry is being held into the cause of the accident.

POONA: A military-plane crashed day before yesterday at about 11-30 a.m. near Digi camp, a few miles off Kirkee. According to information gathered the plane made a forced landing near the Digi camp as a result of which 38 people were killed and about seven were seriously injured and were removed to different hospitals in Kirkee and Poona.—A. P.

RED ARMY DASHES BEYOND FASTOV

Moscow Review Expects Allies To Implement Military Decisions

MOSCOW, Nov. 8.

From Reuter's staff correspondent: The tremendously powerful Soviet tank spearhead is smashing on across the country beyond Fastov, while fierce clashes are taking place in the gap between there and Krivoi-Rog as the Germans rush up 'Panzer' reserves.

Swift outflanking thrusts are striking numbing blows at German lines of communications. The Germans' confusion started with the capture of Fastov junction on which the Germans were relying for getting reinforcements to Krivoi-Rog. Tanks are carving up the retreating Germans south of Fastov, where they are facing a crisis even greater and with more far-reaching implications than the Melitopol break-through. The German troops are streaming back across the roads and sometimes blindly taking to their heels across the country.

In the Crimea troops and marines are steadily closing in on Kerch city supported by masses of planes forming air umbrella.

FASTOV CAPTURED

Sunday night's "communique" says: Troops of the first Ukrainian front, continuing to develop their successful offensive have captured the town and large railway junction of Fastov and have also occupied more than 70 other inhabited localities.

Fastov is 40 miles south-west of Kiev on the main railway to Vinnitsa where it links up with the Odessa-Lvov line. Its capture means a 25-mile advance in 24 hours, as the Red Army was last night reported 24 miles beyond Kiev. Fastov is the junction for the railway running eastward through Znamenka to Krivoi-Rog in the Dnieper bend.

POSITION OF NEUTRALS

The review "War and Working Class" in an editorial to-day on the Moscow Conference said: "The position of some of the States which still adhere to the policy of neutrality, as for example Turkey, will be of big significance. The passing of such neutral States to the policy of direct support for the anti-Hitler coalition will be of important significance for solving the task of decreasing the duration of the war.

ALLIES MUST KEEP UP TIME-TABLE

Speaking of the success of the Conference, the paper added a cautionary note.

In reference to the passage in the 'communique' on military operations by the Allies the review said: "It is now a question of giving practical effect to measures which have been recognised as of primary importance. It is now a question of the carrying out a decision of accepted significance and value, which will be judged by the degree and speed with which it is realised. It is extremely important that the obligations taken upon themselves by our Allies and now confirmed at the Moscow Conference should be carried out on time."

SOVIET-CZECH PACT

Announcing that the Czechoslovak President Dr. Eduard Benes is expected in Moscow in the very near future to sign a treaty with the Soviet Union. The review says that with regard to relations between the Soviet Union and other European States it might be said that a definite step forward had been made at the Moscow Conference.

MEHERALLY'S HEALTH

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally, ex-Mayor of Bombay had three attacks to-day, at 12, 2 and 9 o'clock, the last attack lasting for forty-five minutes. All the attacks were severe.

Dr. Sumatilal Mehta, doctor-in-charge said that, nausea and vomiting continued and the attacks had left Mr. Meherally, exhausted and restless. He did not sleep the whole afternoon.

The doctor observed that the condition of the patient was no better than yesterday.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)

New York, Nov. 8.

Previous closing	.....	19.39
To-day's opening	.....	19.41
Difference	.....	+.02
To-day's closing	.....	19.14
Difference	.....	—25

New York Stock Exchange

New York, Nov. 8.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors $50-7/8.

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted

U. S. Steel Corporation Common $52-1/4.

U. S. Steel Preference unquoted—

VICEROY DEPARTS FROM PRECEDENT

Not To Address Central Legislature Till After Budget Session

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8

Following is the address of the Viceroy to the members of the Assembly:—

"It is customary for a new Viceroy to address both Houses of the Indian Legislature at the first opportunity. I have decided to depart from precedent and shall deliver no address during the November session. My reasons for this decision are: FIRSTLY, that whereas my predecessors assumed office in April and were able to devote several months to the study of the Indian situation before an opportunity of addressing the Legislature occurred, I assumed office in October, less than three weeks before the opening of the November session; and SECONDLY, that for the time being my energy must be very largely devoted to the study and treatment of the food problem—a matter upon which I do not feel that I could make a comprehensive statement in the immediate future.

It is my intention to address both Chambers at an early stage after the Budget Session of 1944."—A. P.

Nichols' Certificate To Viceroy

LONDON, Nov. 7.

Beverly Nichols telegraphs to the "Sunday Chronicle" from New Delhi after a visit to Calcutta: "I have had the honour of being received by Lord Wavell.

The Viceroy may not be quoted, but I can assure you of two things. Firstly, he has been deeply moved by what he saw—as we sat together in the vast palace of New Delhi he spoke as a soldier might speak in recalling the aftermath of some grim campaign.

Secondly, he will not waste a single hour in speeding all possible help to the stricken areas. He is treating famine as he would treat an enemy in the field."

Nationalist Muslims To Meet Again

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8

The 'United Press' learns that there is the possibility of an informal gathering of Nationalist Muslims in Delhi on December 16 and 17 next. A number of members of the Executive Committee of the All-India Nationalist Muslim Conference are in jail and the few who are out do not feel called upon to decide on major and fundamental issues of policy at this juncture without collective consultations. Accordingly informal talks among Mr. Hafiz Ibrahim, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Dr. Shaukatullah and other leaders of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind could not, the 'United Press' learns, result in any conclusions regarding programme or policy. The gathering in December is being proposed instead.—United Press.

EDITORS' CONFERENCE PRESIDENTSHIP

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8

Nominations for the presidentship of the ensuing session of the A.-I. N. E. C. to be held in Madras on 20th and 21st December, 1943, should reach the Secretary, All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, care of "Free Press Journal", 21 Dalal Street, Bombay, before the 15th instant, announces Mr. K. Srinivasan, Secretary.—A.P.

INDIAN TROOPS' RECORD ON ITALIAN FRONT

Eighth Army Occupies Scerni And Carunchio: Fifth Army Nearing Carigliano River

ALLIED H.Q. IN N. AFRICA, Nov. 8.

Today's 'communique' announces that the Eighth Army has occupied Carunchio and Scerni.

The Fifth Army made further advance.

Eighth Army troops included Indian Army units.

The Algiers French Radio reports that the Fifth Army have captured Mignano on the main inland road and railway to Rome about eight miles beyond point where lateral road to Isernia works. It is six miles west of Cenafro and ten miles north-west of Vairano.

Scerni, the capture of which was announced in to-day's Allied 'communique' is eight miles due west of Vasto. It is nearly four miles north of the Sinello river. Carunchio, also on the Eighth Army front, is on the northern bank of the Trigno river. Carunchio is 17 miles south-west of Vasto on the road to Isernia, from which it is 25 miles distant.

Casalbordino is six miles north-west of Vasto and the same distance inland from the Adriatic coast. It is five miles south-east of the Sangro river and four miles north-east of Scerni

EIGHTH ARMY'S SWEEP ACROSS SINELLO

Sweeping across the River Sinello which enters the Adriatic six miles north of Vasto the Eighth Army firmly possesses a menacing wedge five miles long. It also holds an important road running inland from Vasto for a distance of twenty miles. West of Isernia over the roughest ground of the whole Allied front the Fifth Army has advanced several miles in the heights against very stubborn resistance and with particularly extensive demolitions to cope with.

The Fifth Army by capturing Calabritto five miles south-west of Mignano have got nearer the Carigliano river after its bend north.

Explosions have been heard in Port Gaeta nine miles across from the Fifth Army line suggesting that the enemy is blowing up installations in anticipation of evacuation.

INDIAN TROOPS' RECORD

(Italian Front—Delayed):—Seldom have Indian troops been called upon to do bigger tasks—and seldom have they acquitted themselves better than in the fighting on the Italian Front during the assault on the Trigno river defences by the Eighth Army, writes an Indian Army observer

'SEVERE DAMAGE" IN VATICAN CITY BOMBING

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Vatican Radio is broadcasting normally in spite of statements that it had been so badly damaged in Friday night's attack that transmissions would have to cease for some time. The announcer said today "In the Governor's Palace, the Administration Centre of the Vatican City, the office of Cardinal Canale and the Council Hall suffered severe damage as well as private apartments of the palace".—Reuter.

HUSHED UP BY NAZI PROPAGANDA

ZURICH, Nov. 8.—Bombs dropped on Rome by unknown planes in Mid-September and late October in hitherto undisclosed raids on the city fell close to the Vatican, reported the "Neueu Zuricher Zeitung" to-day. Both these raids, which occurred at night after the capitulation of Italy, were hushed up by German propaganda chiefs in Rome the Swiss newspaper said.

Since for sometime no alarm has been given when planes approach Rome the population do not go to shelters. The second raid presumably claimed a large number of victims, the newspaper said.—Reuter.

ATTACK ON ANKONA HARBOUR

Medium bombers of the North-West African airforces attacked the harbour at Ancona yesterday while

FRAME-WORK OF SECOND FRONT

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7. (Delayed)

A frame-work of the second front military staff is already established in London, says "The Army and Navy Journal". It adds the assignment of Gen. George Marshal, Chief of the United States Army Staff as Commander of the Anglo-American forces in Europe may be hastened by Moscow.—Reuter.

others attacked Ulcinj in Yugoslavia. Medium and light bombers, fighter bombers and fighters were over the battle area attacking gun positions, rail communications, road junctions and troop concentrations.

BERLIN & VIENNA "CLOSED AREAS"

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 8.—Berlin, Vienna and a number of other towns including some in Western Germany have been declared closed areas, says a German Gazette. Entry into these towns is only permitted by a permit.

Other towns include Dessau, Dusseldorf, Krefeld, Neuss, Remscheid, Rheydt, Solingen, Viersen, Wuppertal and Zoppot near Danzig.—Reuter.

Thousands Of Allied Prisoners In Rome Escape

LONDON, Nov. 8.

Thousands of British, American and Indian roops—escaped prisoners of war—are making their way southwards from Rome to meet the eighth army as it nears the Capital, according to the Chief Correspondent in Italy of the Stockholms "Tidningen".

The Correspondent has just returned to Sweden by air from Rome.

In an article in the London "Daily Express" to-day, he says that "Thousands of British, American and Indian prisoners of war from the prison camp near Avezzano, 80 miles east of Rome, are at large."—Reuter

Allahabad Judges' Orders In "Sentinel" Contempt Case

Warrant To Be Executed Against Horniman If He Comes Within Their Jurisdiction

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 8

Delivering judgment in the "Bombay Sentinel" contempt of court case their Lordships, Mr. Justice Collister and Mr. Justice Allsop, directed that:

A bailable warrant on the same lines as on the last occasion be sent to the Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces, with the request that he will have it executed if and when the respondent, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Editor, Printer and Publisher of the "Bombay Sentinel", may be found within the local jurisdiction of this Court.

Mr. Justice Collister in his judgment said, if the view taken by the learned judges of the Bombay High Court (holding that the Allahabad High Court had no jurisdiction to try Mr. Horniman) is correct, it may lead somewhat to startling results. A person may commit the grossest contempt of High Court and then slip across the boundaries into a territorial jurisdiction adjoining the High Court and so long he remains there, he may enjoy complete immunity. However, it does not necessarily follow from this view that the view of the High Court of Bombay is erroneous for it does sometimes happen the anomalous results arise from correct interpretation of law and where these are sufficiently serious, action may have to be taken by the Legislature.

Referring to the applicability of criminal procedure code to contempt proceedings, his Lordship dealt with the Privy Council ruling, I.L.R. 10 Calcutta Page 109 relied on by the Bombay High Court, provisions sec. 4 (0) Cr.P.C. and Contempt of Courts Act 1926 Sec. 3 with its two provisions and observed: I am therefore inclined to the opinion that where contempt is committed within the jurisdiction of any High Court in India, such Court is competent to issue process to secure the attendance of the offender wherever he may be residing [illegible] offender under Penal Code or any other act. The warrant of Mr. Horniman's arrest therefore was legally issued and was executable in Bombay under sec. 83 86 Cr.P.C.

Mr. Justice Allsop in a short judgment said: "It is our province to decide whether contempt was an offence to which certain provisions of Cr.P.C. could apply to our civil and criminal processes and those of courts subordinate to us are to be executed throughout British India and I should not have thought it was the business of police officers or courts executing them to sit in judgment upon their validity."

Both judges held that contempt is an offence within the meaning of the Criminal Procedure Code.

PAUNAR CASE JUDGMENT

Gram Sewa Mandal Trustee Convicted

WARDHAGANJ, Nov. 8

"I hold that conspiracy has not been proved and also that this act is not the work of those three convicted, but also of others who have not been implicated in this case, as this is not the result of a sporadic action, but of some planning," observed the Sessions Judge, Wardha, while acquitting Bhau Panse, Hansraj and Maroti Joge, and convicting Vallabhbhai, a trustee of the Gram Sewa Mandal, to two years' imprisonment and Dhebyabhai and Eswarsing to three years in the Paunar Conspiracy Case.

The case has been referred to in the Government bulletin entitled "Congress Responsibility for the August Disturbances." Hansraj, who was acquitted by the Sessions Judge, was arrested in the afternoon under D.I.R. 129.

TWO M.L.A.'S MADE DETENUS

NOWGONG: Messrs. Purna Chandra Sarma, M.L.A., and Haladhar Bhuyan, M.L.A., who were convicted and sentenced to imprisonment by a special magistrate and whose appeals were set aside afterwards, have now been made security prisoners.

ASSAM EX-PREMIER

GAUHATI: Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, ex-Premier of Assam, who was detained as a security prisoner in the Jorhat Jail since August 1942 is reported to be suffering from eye trouble. He has now been transferred to Gauhati for treatment

LAHORE: During question hour in the Punjab Assembly, the Premier stated that it was not the policy of the Government to give maintenance allowance to the families of Congress detenus. He further stated that ordinarily no interview was allowed to prisoners with relations and friends excepting in serious illness. Books to read were, however, permitted. Replying to another question the Government stated that 88 Congress detenus were recently released on the recommendations of District Magistrates.

PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK CASE APPEAL

LAHORE: Judgment was pronounced to-day by Mr. Justice Blacker of the Lahore High Court in the appeal arising out of the Punjab National Bank Embezzlement Case in which the accused were the manager and the cashier of the Delhi branch of the Bank.

His Lordship reduced the sentence of ten years to five years passed against Premchand, Manager of the Bank, and also reduced his fine from Rs. 13,000 to Rs. 2,000. The sentence of one year passed against Gangapershad, cashier, was, however, maintained. The accused were alleged to have cashed false 'hundis' of the value of Rs. 62,000.

STOP PRESS

HITLER'S CALL TO NAZIS

LONDON, Nov. 8

The German News Agency said tonight that Hitler has spoken to Nazi veterans at Munich. Later the Agency issued this text from Munich without indicating it was in Hitler's words, "To-day Germany is proving her worth in the most difficult struggle for existence against the armed hatred and the devilish, destructive will of the bitterest and maddest enemies. The meaning of our honour is loyalty—that is the motto of the whole nation. The German people and its soldiers who have not allowed any traitor chief to arise are now shaping the impregnability of the Reich fanatically determined to conquer and live.—Reuter.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 8

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at nine hours on 4-11-43:—

Allahabad 90 64 0; BOMBAY 92 75 0; Calcutta 92 71 0; Cawnpore 90 60 0; Cuttack 91 71 0; Darjeeling 67 50 0; Delhi 95 57 0; Dehra Dun 83 53 0; Jacobabad 93 67 0; Karachi 91 71 0; Lahore 93 62 0; Lucknow 90 60 0; Madras 87 75 0; Nagpur 91 68 0; Patna 80 67 0; Peshawar 83 56 0; Shillong 72 51 0; Simla 64 51 0.—A.P.

"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it".

—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

ANOTHER APPEAL

The statement issued by Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. N. R. Sarkar, urging Government to release Congress leaders at once and start fresh negotiations for a National Government is one of many that have been issued during the last many months, without any apparent effect on Government. The present statement has the special merit of being issued by two ex-members of the Viceroy's Council and also makes out a strong case for the action recommended by it. It takes its stand on the facts that the war situation is now very favourable and that the internal disturbances have completely ended, and it rightly infers from these facts that nothing will be lost but much may be gained from the release of Congress leaders. Realising, however, that these arguments have been advanced before without any effect, the signatories to the statement suspect that the real reason for not releasing the leaders is that Government "have a pleasant, comfortable feeling that all is well, that men and materials are readily forthcoming for the efficient prosecution of the war, and that it would be a mistake, therefore, to do anything which might jeopardise such a condition of things." But such an attitude smacks of vindictiveness and is calculated to make a final settlement more and more difficult. Moreover, as the statement in question points out, "it passes one's comprehension how any approach to a solution of the deadlock is possible, if one of the main contending parties is prevented from taking stock of the situation and denied an opportunity of reconsidering it."

A specific suggestion made by Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. Sarkar is that the Viceroy should publicly offer to form a "National Government" on the basis of the principles of the Cripps offer. And in support of this suggestion they add: "From our own experience, we have no doubt—Viceroy's veto notwithstanding—that if such a Government were formed, the administration of the country would be effectively in their hands. We attach a great deal of importance to a political set-up of this character. It is only by getting together in the prosecution of the common tasks of Government that the suspicions and bitterness, which are such a marked characteristic of our present political life, will have a chance of being blotted out." It is frankly admitted here that even under the Cripps offer the Viceroy's veto remains practically as it now operates, which means that what is called a National Government is little more than an Indianised Council, responsible wholly to the Viceroy and not to the Legislature. Such a scheme has often been suggested before but as often rejected by the Congress. Nor has it any chance of being accepted by Congress leaders now or in the future. The Muslim League, too, has often declared that it is not prepared to accept any seats in the Council without real power.

As regards the plea that the scheme will promote unity between parties, it is utterly untenable. Common subjection to the Viceroy cannot promote real unity. It rather hinders permanent unity. Such unity is best promoted by an offer which confers real power in the country and which adds that unsettled disputes between important parties are to be settled by arbitration. We wholeheartedly agree that "it does not help the British Cabinet to keep on parading the acute differences that to-day divide the people of India as a reason for a policy of inaction" and that "something more than a negative approach is called for from those to whom are committed the fortunes of this country." But we doubt if Government will cease parading our differences till they are compelled to do so by force of circumstances. If Congress leaders were free they would certainly have made fresh efforts for a communal settlement, as is clear from the latest speech of Gandhiji and his undelivered letter to Mr. Jinnah. However, even those Congressmen who are free should make every effort to bring about communal unity in accordance with the well-known policy of the Congress.

Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. Sarkar remind Lord Wavell that at the Pilgrims' Luncheon in London only a few days ago he said that he had "realised the great weight of opinion both here and in India in favour of solving as early as possible the present deadlock." But it is significant that here in India he is studiously silent on the subject. He has failed even to deliver the customary address to the Central Legislature on the plea that he has not had enough time to make any considered statements. But as Sir H. P. Mody and Mr. Sarkar point out, "there is no time to lose; the sands are fast running out." Quicker decisions are necessary on the part of responsible authorities on the urgent problems of the day.

Stalin's Speech

Says a Moscow cable: "No more conclusive confirmation of the reality of the success of the Moscow Conference could have been wished for than Marshal Stalin's speech" at the Revolution anniversary meeting in the Kremlin. This is true. The speech breathes pleased satisfaction with the results so much so that there is a very noticeable change in the tone of the Russian leader's reference to the efforts of Russia's allies. Formerly he used to be critical. This time he is not only generous in his praise but almost gives the impression of trying to defend them against criticism. For instance, he felicitously recognises the contribution made by the Allied armies in North Africa and Italy, and, as regards the Anglo-American air offensive from Britain, goes so far as to urge that "this is something like a second front". Marshal Stalin is, however, quite naturally careful to add that it is by no means "a real second front" which is immediately necessary and which, he hopes, "will not tarry." Undoubtedly, the emphasis remains, as it should, on the demand for a second front. But his friendly tone proves that the Moscow Conference gives him reason to feel confident that Russia's allies mean to discharge their obligations pretty soon. It, therefore, encourages the hope that the Second Front will not now be long in materialising.

Another feature of M. Stalin's speech—incidentally, it is the first post-Moscow pronouncement by any of the three big leaders—is the exposition of the tasks which the Conference has set for the Allies. The programme is, of course, admirable and will go a long way to improving the future. But the main question which we asked the other day still remains to be answered: Are the benefits of racial and national equality and of freedom and democracy to be enjoyed by every country in the world or by only those of Europe? The question, indeed, arises with even greater force, for, the tasks enumerated by M. Stalin suggest that he was thinking only of Europe and of areas under German Fascist yoke.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Vatican City Bombed

On Friday night at least four bombs were dropped on the Vatican City which caused some damage and casualties. This is regrettable but not surprising. Allied headquarters at Algiers has promptly issued a statement that the Allies were not responsible for this bombing. And we believe this statement even on pure commonsense ground. The Allies do not need to bomb the Vatican City, not even Rome, in order to assist their advance in Italy. Nor are they in any desperate situation in Italy or elsewhere which may demand such action in an effort to damn the Germans by attributing it to them. The situation, in fact, is altogether different and the desperation is on the side of the Germans.

The Japs Oblige

Discussing his landing on Bougainville island, General MacArthur threw a challenge to the Japs to send their battle fleet. That challenge has not quite been accepted. Nevertheless the Japs seem to have decided to oblige General MacArthur in a manner which ought not to be unsatisfactory to the Allied Chief. For the last few days activities have been in evidence showing a Japanese plan either to reinforce on a large scale their base at Rabaul or even to stage a counter-offensive against the Americans. And contests have been going on between Jap naval convoys sailing down from Truk and Allied planes. The main battle or battles have yet to be joined, but already MacArthur's aircraft have taken an impressive toll of Jap cruisers and destroyers. The Japs, according to all accounts, have not thrown battleships and carriers into their efforts. But otherwise it is quite a considerable naval force that they are risking in the attempt to save Rabaul. If, therefore, Allied air strength again vindicates itself by smashing this attempt, another crippling blow will have been struck at the already weakened naval and air power of Japan.

Dept. Of Information And Broadcasting

NEW DELHI, Nov. 7.

The Publicity Advisory Committee of the Department of Information and Broadcasting of the Government of India concluded its three-day session to-day under the presidentship of Sir Sultan Ahmad. In his concluding remarks the President thanked the members for the valuable suggestions they had made and promised to consider the proposal made by many of them that the Committee should meet more often.

Sir Sultan Ahmad on the opening day of the conference briefly reviewed the manifold activities of the Department and its attached offices.

Among the questions discussed were the line of propaganda to be adopted to incuce cultivators to sell their grain and the speculative hoarder to disgorge his stocks of grain and other commodities, the need for explaining the method and purpose of rationing before it was introduced and an austerity campaign to persuade those who had other available foods to keep off wheat and rice.

Measures for intensification of the savings campaign and the wider dissemination of information on the activities of the Government of India were also considered.

The Committee visited Broadcasting House where they were received by the President and taken round the studios and odices of All-India Radio. The members of the Committee also witnessed a preview of "shorts" and newsreels produced by the Information and Broadcasting Department.—A. P.

"WHITE-WASH" DELEGATION NOT WANTED

Central Assembly Censors Waste Of Public Funds In Sending Out Men Hardly Known In This Country To Educate Opinion Abroad

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8.

The Assembly by 43 votes to 39 passed Mr. Govind Deshmukh's adjournment motion to censure Government on its "unwise decision to send non-official gentlemen selected by it to undertake a tour abroad in Great Britain and to speak on India's war effort".

The Congress members present voted with the Muslim League, the Nationalists, the independents, and some unattached members for the motion.

The result of the division was greeted with loud and prolonged cheers and cries of "resign, resign"

WASTE OF PUBLIC MONEY

Moving the adjournment motion, Mr. Govind Deshmukh, questioned the necessity of sending out the delegation at this stage when the whole world had acknowledged the country's war effort and sacrifices. He asked if we were following the example of any other country in sending this delegation, and whether the Governments of the U. K. and U. S. A. came here to advertise their war effort. He suspected that the delegates would attempt to justify the Government of India's actions and policy regarding political prisoners, as they knew, that the world outside was in sympathy with the demands for greater rights for Indian people. With a vastly expanding Department of Information and Broadcasting, it should have been possible, he thought, to send more literature to those countries in the form of pamphlets explaining India's war efforts. He considered that the reported expenditure of Rs. 60,000 per person could have been incurred on some useful thing.

Diwan Lalchand Navalrai supporting the motion observed that the money that was to be "wasted on this delegation could have been well spent on feeding the starving people of Bengal."

"WHITE-WASH" MISSION

Sardar Mangal Singh (Congress) said the Government were sending the delegation to white-wash their actions. There were a large number of foreign press correspondents in this country, and they could be supplied with the information the Government wanted to reach the public of Great Britain and America. He suspected that the delegation were going abroad to say things, which it could not say in this country "Let the representatives of the people go abroad," he said, "and tell the world how this country is being governed or rather misgoverned." There was no use in sending delegations which would carry on propaganda against the public of India.

"NOT ONE WORD ON POLITICS"

Sir Sultan Ahmed, Leader of the House, said it was his duty to clear misconceptions which seemed to surround the delegation. The misapprehensions expressed he declared, had no basis and the lecturers had been instructed not to say one word on politics. They were going out to speak on the country's war effort and nothing else.

Sir Sultan said that the demand for sending the delegation came from India's Agent-General in U. S. A. and from the British Ministry of Information They could not possibly refuse that request. They had no choice. They would have failed in their duty if they did not comply with that request.

The expenses of the delegation's tour in the United Kingdom would be borne by H. M. G. (hear, hear and laughter). The question of the apportionment of their expenses of travel from the United Kingdom to U. S. A. and expenses incurred in India was still under consideration.

The delegation, Sir Sultan continued, consisted of four people, all of them men, according to Government, competent to speak. They had paid visits to different factories in Bombay, Madras and Calcutta and he had no doubt they were men of experience and knowledge and would not say anything they were prohibited from saying. He denied they were receiving instructions from various Departments. The choice of selection, he pointed out, was limited.

Sir Sultan concluded by expressing his conviction that the speeches they would deliver would raise the status of India (laughter) and not compromise the position of the country.

LEAGUER EXPOSES IT!

Sir Yamin Khan (Muslim League) felt that speeches, by Indian delegation, giving out details of internal administration of war effort, such as working of factories, would be giving information to the enemy and thus would be highly detrimental to the best interests of India. He said that some expert of the calibre of Sir Guthrie Russell should have been sent out if the Government were anxious to do propaganda of their war effort. The selection of the delegation was enough testimony that the whole thing was being engineered to disprove the case that the war effort would have been far greater had the political parties been conciliated.

Sir Ramaswamy Mudalier claimed that the issue before the House was whether it was desirable to publicize India's war effort and if so whether the selection of the personnel for the delegation was a suitable one. The Government, he claimed, were in a better position to judge whether India's war effort should be publicized abroad. Speaking from personal experience, he said, the need for such publicity, particularly in the U. S. A. was very great.

THEIR QUALIFICATION

Mr. Abdul Qayum, (Congress) had no objection to the delegation, had India been a self-governing country. Under present conditions, the delegation selected would, he was afraid, misrepresent things, suppress a great many facts and give out half-truths. He asked the Government to invite delegations from U. S. A. Russia and China and give them full freedom to see things for themselves. Let the delegations meet the elected representatives of the people in jails and see the starvation deaths in Bengal. He claimed that it was wrong to send out people, who were hardly known in this country. Their sole qualification for selection was that they could be relied upon by the Government.

The motion was pressed to a division and passed

Compulsory Recognition Of Trade Unions

"It is felt that the time has now come when the compulsory recognition of Trade Unions must be provided for by legislation", declares the Statement of Objects and Reasons on Dr. B. R. Ambedkar's Bill introduced in the Central Assembly to-day further to amend the Indian Trade Unions Act.

"With all its limitations, recognition by statute will at least clarify the position and give organised and well-conducted Trade Unions the status they deserve. It may achieve much more".

The Bill provides for the compulsory recognition of Trade Unions under certain conditions and defines what recognition will imply.

TERMS OF RECOGNITION

Power is taken to set up tripartite boards of recognition which will report on the representativeness of Trade Unions and their fitness to be recognised. The main conditions of recognition will be that the Trade Union must have been a registered Union for twelve months and that it must have previously applied to the employer concerned for recognition. Unions formed on a communal or sectarian basis will not be eligible for recognition. The Bill allows for additional conditions to be imposed by the appropriate Government and power is given to the Central Government to issue directions to Provincial Governments in this matter. Recognition will entitle a Union to negotiate with the employer in respect of matters affecting the common interests of its members. The Bill also states the obligations of employers consequent on recognition.

FOR CIVILIAN CONSUMPTION

"The Government of India are considering the possibility of increasing the allotment of steel for civilian consumption in the light of the total demands for steel as compared with the total amount of steel likely to be available from Indian production, imports and stocks," said Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Supply Member, in reply to Sir A. H. Ghaznavi.

The Supply Member also informed the same member: "The Government of India have had under review, particularly during the last few months, the question of what stocks of materials are required for war purposes, whether they can be reduced, and how much can be released for civilian consumption. From time to time certain materials have been released for civilian consumption."

Sir Edward Benthall, War Transport Member, announced in reply to Mr. Neogy's question that the coal rationing scheme had now been put into operation. The total allotment for industries and domestic supplies had been fixed at 1,024,587 tons a month.

CIVIL AVIATION

"Government have in hand the preparation of plans for the development of civil aviation in India after the war, but these plans are not yet complete", said Sir Gurunath Bewoor, replying to Mr. Govind Deshmukh about the Empire Air Conference. The High Commissioner for India represented India at the Conference.

Sir Sultan Ahmed, Leader of the House, said in reply to Sardar Mangal Singh's question that 15 persons were detained in British India for reasons of State connected with external affairs. Of them 14 were foreigners. Nine of these persons (including the one British Indian detenu) received allowances varying between Rs. 300 per month and Rs. 100 per month. The remaining six received no allowances. The case of Sayad Habib of Lahore was reviewed in May, 1942.—A. P.

STATE OF GONDAL SUCCEEDS

Appeal Allowed

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania)

The State of Gondal ..... Appellant (Original defendant 1).
Versus
Govindram Gordhandas Seksaria and Others .... Respondents (Original plaintiffs 1 & 2 and defendants 2 & 3)

Under a debenture trust-deed dated 1st October 1926, the Currimbhoy Mills Co. Ltd., transferred their Mills to the second and third defendants as trustees for the debenture-holders. The appellant was the holder of all these debentures to the tune of Rs 20 lakhs. The Company failed to pay the debentures. On 6th September 1937, the appellant agreed to sell the Mills to Govindram Seksaria (1st plaintiff) for Rs. 12,50,000, and on 29th November 1937, Seksaria agreed to sell the Mills for the same price to the newly-incorporated second plaintiff company (the Seksaria Cotton Mills Ltd.). In the meantime the Bombay Municipality claimed Rs. 1,24,092 from Seksaria by way of property taxes and on February 23, 1939, the second plaintiff-company paid Rs. 78,466/12 to the Municipality in full settlement of its claim. On March 25, 1939, the debenture-trustees (defendants 2 and 3) conveyed the Mills to the 2nd plaintiffs and the first plaintiff joined as a confirming party. Govindram Seksaria and the Seksaria Cotton Mills Ltd. filed this suit to recover from the State of Gondal and the debenture-trustees the sum paid by them to the Municipality for property taxes. The defendants denied liability.

In the trial court Mr. Justice Blagden held that the appellant had merely agreed to procure a sale by the debenture-trustees and that he had therefore undertaken to procure the trustees to perform all the duties of a seller under section 55 of the Transfer of Property Act. His Lordship therefore passed a decree for the plaintiffs against the present appellant but dismissed it with costs against the debenture-trustees.

The State of Gondal appealed from the decree passed against it and the plaintiffs appealed from the dismissal of their suit against the debenture-trustees. Both the appeals were heard together.

Their Lordships held that the second plaintiff-company was not "interested in payment of money" within section 69 of the Indian Contract Act when it made the payment but was a mere volunteer and could not therefore recover it from the defendants. Nor could Seksaria recover it for he had not paid the taxes. Their Lordships therefore allowed the appeal by the State of Gondal and dismissed the plaintiffs' suit with costs. The plaintiffs' appeal against the debenture-trustees was also dismissed.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga, Mr. B. J. Desai and Mr. N. H. Bhagwati instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar and Jeshtaram appeared for the State of Gondal.

Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. M. P. Laud instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar and Jeshtaram appeared for the debenture-trustees.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad and Mr. V. F. Taraporewalla instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

KARACHI: The Hindus (Sind Pentangular Champions of 1943) defeated The Rest of Sind on the first innings by five wickets in the Pentangular Silver-Jubilee Festival Match just before tea time to-day. Three batsmen, Pamanmal, Jamnadas and Narotam passed the 50 mark.—A. P.

HITLER—AND THE KAISER

Twenty-five years ago, on November 9, 1918, the Kaiser's Germany was reeling under the hammering blows of the victorious Allied armies. More than a year earlier, in July, 1917, the Reichstag had attempted to pass a peace resolution, which the High Command had emasculated. Three months earlier, on August 8, 1918, even the High Command had given up hope of winning the war.

Still the German nation continued to fight on, like a dazed and wounded beast that has lost the power to think or plan but engages in futile lunges and plunges that merely hasten its end.

On November 9 all this came to a climax. On that day revolution broke out in Berlin, the once mighty Kaiser abdicated to his chopping block in Holland and the German Republic was proclaimed. Two days later the Armistice, coming far earlier than the most optimistic Allied leaders had hoped, put an end to the horrible war that for four years had bathed Europe in blood.

To point to this anniversary this year is not to say positively that Germany is yet ready for a collapse. The powers of resistance and perhaps even of offence still remaining in the German army are matters of information known only to the present Allied command. They cannot and should not engage in public speculations as to how soon Hitler's Germany will go the way of Wilhelm's Reich.

Historical parallels, however, suggest that the time cannot be far off. Even after the High Command had lost hope of winning and Germany's allies had, as Italy did recently, deserted her, Hindenburg and Ludendorff continued to dupe the German public with explanations that are indistinguishable from those emanating from Berlin to-day. The German people were told that their retreats were "strategic", that they would "shorten the lines and save reserves." There was even that perennial excuse which has come to be associated with the Nazis, that everything had been done "planmaessig"—according to plan—and that the Allies then, as the Russians to-day, were only "reconquering waste territories."

The speed with which the German nation and the German army went to pieces is worth noting. On October 4, 1918, the people heard that an armistice appeal had been made. On October 29 some sailors mutinied. On November 3 the rest of the Navy revolted. Three days later, there was a rising in Munich. Six days later, the revolt reached the capital, the Kaiser fled for his life and the monarchy was no more.

Belatedly, the German people realised that it was up to them to get rid of the clique that was ruling Germany only in its own interest, if further useless sacrifices were to be prevented and a futile war ended.—U. S. O. W. I.

Vikram And Gwalior

It is in the fitness of things that the Maharaja Saheb of Gwalior should have enthusiastically taken it upon himself to commemorate the second Millennial of King Vikramaditya whose prodigious achievements in the domain of culture redound to the glory of India. The Maharaja Saheb convenes at the end of every 12th year a fair of India—wide renown, in the shape of Singhasth at Ujjain, the great seat of Vikram. It will therefore, not be too much to suggest that on the historic occasion of the Vikram Millennial the Maharaja Saheb should also agree to become the convenor of an All-India Fair of Culture, Arts and Literature. It will not be difficult for the Ruler of Gwalior, who enjoys a unique position in this country by virtue of Ujjain and an important portion of Vikram's Malavadesh being now his own territory, to persuade his brother Princes as well as national leaders like Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Sir Radhakrishnan, Sir Mirza Ismail, Dr. M. R. Jaykar, Syt. Rajagopalachari, Dr. Rathindranath Tagore, Syt. K. M. Munshi, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. G. D. Birla and others to join hands with him in celebrating the occasion on a very impressive scale and in a manner symbolising the essential unity of the Indian culture.

H. L. MASUREKAR.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

NEW DELHI, Nov. 8.

The Assembly, by 43 votes to 39, passed Mr. Govind Deshmukh's adjournment motion to censure Government on its "unwise decision to send non-official gentlemen selected by it to undertake a tour abroad in Great Britain and to speak on India's war effort.".

—A. P. I.

* * *

In a message to the Central Assembly the Viceroy excused himself from addressing the House because he assumed office very late and because his attention was absorbed in studying the food problem.

In other words, His Excellency doesn't choose to speak yet.

* * *

The London evening paper "Star" forecasts further Cabinet changes involving the transfer of Sir James Grigg, War Minister and Mr. L. S. Amery, S. O. S. for India to new posts.

What the posts are has not been specified. But we would suggest that the Rt. Hon: Gents swopped their portfolios. Grigg and Amery have both fittingly entitled themselves to the India office and the War office respectively.

* * *

Among the items of the programme of action of the Anglo-Soviet-American coalition", as detailed by Marshal Stalin are (1) abolition of racial exclusiveness, (2) equality of nations and integrity of their territories and (3) the right of every nation to manage its affairs in its own way.

We heartily welcome the programme, and we must severely suppress the Junior Colleague's interrogations: (1) Where and (2) and (3) which nations?

* * *

"I have had the honour of being received by Lord Wavell".

—Mr. Beverly Nichols in a London paper.

Really?

By the way, we are deeply conscious of the honour which Reuter does to India by unfailingly reporting the despatches of Mr. Beverly Nichols.

* * *

Addressing a Muslim students' audience in Northern India, the Raja of Mahmudabad advised them to keep themselves aloof from active politics during their educational career.

Except, of course, actively shouting and demonstrating for Pakistan etc., etc.

*

Total chaos in Northern Italy, says a Stockholm report, is the first fruit of Mussolini's Fascist Republican Government.

The Duce's powers of recovery are wonderful. Despite that unfortunate and extremely disrupting break of several weeks, he has yet managed to start his Fascist Republican Government where he left off his Fascist Monarchical Government.

* * *

PLEA FOR MORE NAZI FORCES TO THE EAST.

—Headline.

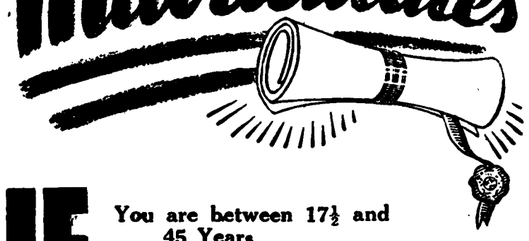
The Fuhrer will, we expect, respond by ordering them to rise from the graves and die again for him.

* * *

"Kill Much?" asked the patient of the doctor who had just returned from a big game shoot.

"Nothing," replied the doctor. "My time could have been better occupied at home."

Matriculates



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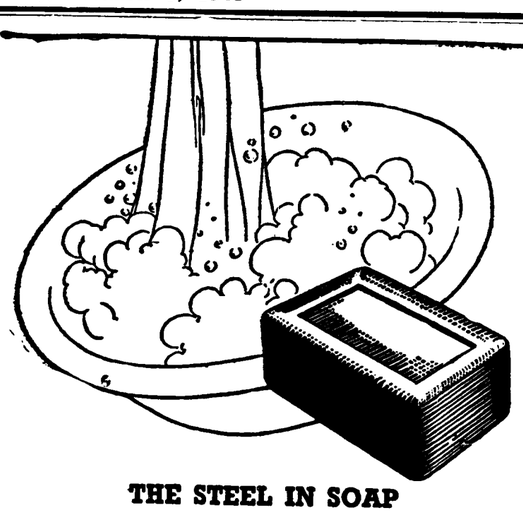

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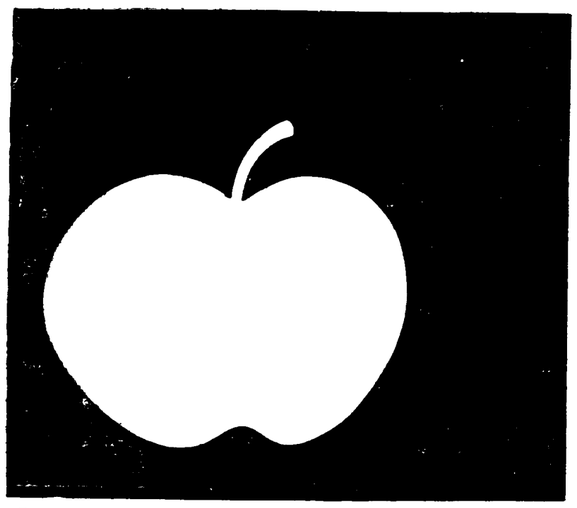

Accuracy matters most

The bowman's target is an apple; his son's young life the price of failure. He draws. The arrow speeds. The apple falls.....

It happened in Switzerland seven centuries ago, but where the world over is there the youth who does not thrill to the retold story of William Tell?

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Deposits on 30-6-1943	Over	Rs. 3,50,00,000

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M. S. Captain, Esq., (Chairman) Lachhmandas Harkhchanda Daga, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff Esq. Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhowdas Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1|4 per cent per annum on daily balances up to Rupees 2 Lakhs.

FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1 1|4 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 10,000. Withdrawals allowed once a week Operations by cheque allowed. Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

A. J. DOCTOR,
Secretary.

Dadar Ration Shop Raided

On receipt of certain information Chief Inspector Dave of the Rationing Office visited a Ration shop opposite the Dadar Railway station and is stated to have detected some irregularities. It is alleged that the shopkeeper and his men handled the Inspector roughly whereupon the Rationing Officer in charge of retail ration shops (Mr. Bhujwala) was summoned. The Officer searched the shop and, it is alleged, he found three bags containing 124 lb. of sugar kept hidden in a loft inside the shop. The Officer took the bags in his charge. It is understood, the Government proposes to prosecute the shop-keeper.

LATE CHUNILAL N. CHINAI

A correspondent writes:—

General regret is expressed in the business community in Ahmedabad and Bombay on the death of Seth Chunilal Nagindas Chinai on Sunday night. From small beginnings, he built up a huge business under the name of Messrs. Nagindas Foolchand Chinai with offices in several commercial cities in India and in Shanghai. Of his many charities are the "Chinai Maternity Home" in Ahmedabad built at a cost of two lakhs of rupees and the Dakore Panjrapole where 300 animals are cared for. Seth Chunilal Nagindas Chinai was 93 years old at the time of his death.

..it's truly a de Luxe Cigarette

Magnums or Standard

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EASTERN LICENCEES POST BOX NO. 9029
CALCUTTA

ADVTS. BOMBAY. T.48

3 1/2 Annas per Packet

★ Manufactured daily in Calcutta from full grown Grains and is free from climatic effect. Contains abundance of vitamins and minerals

Bombay Dept: MANGALDAS MARKET.

THAT DIFFERENT BRAND OF MUSICAL-DRAMA THAT HAS BEEN MISSING FROM THE SCREEN FOR MANY YEARS

Bombay Talkies

HAMARI BAAT

Produced by: AMIYA CHAKRABARTY

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI—JAIRAJ

3rd WEEK

Plans Open 9-30—12 Noon 4—7 p.m.

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Kartak Shud 12, 2000
Muslim: Jilkad 10, 1362
Parsi: Khordad 6, 1313
Sunrise: 7-44 a.m. Sunset: 7-1 p.m.
Hightide: 8-48, 21-34. Lowtide 2-28, 15-18

To-day's Engagements

GATHA SOCIETY: Meeting in the Library Hall (1st floor) of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, to-day at 6 p.m. when Mr. K. E. Punegar, will give an exposition of the Ahunavaiti Gatha Chap. 2 (Yasna Ha 29).

VIKRAM FESTIVAL PROGRAMME: At the Bhangwadi Theatre, Kalbadevi Road to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. The programme includes a pantomime (historical pageant of 2,000 years), two new dance compositions by Miss Anjali Hora (pupil of Rukhmini Devi) in Bharat Natya Style, Garbas etc. Tickets available at Excelsior Electric Co., Kitab Mahal, Hornby Road."

BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA: Reception to Artistes of the Andhra Natya Sabha, Bezwada, at 7 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) at the Mahasabha premises, followed by tea.

RAMKRISHNA ASHRAM, KHAR

Please send your contribution to the President, Ramkrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21. The Mission has been conducting Relief Operation not only in Calcutta and its suburbs but also in 16 other far off districts comprising more than 50 centres.

The President thankfully acknowledges the generous donation of Rs. 2,734 from the citizens of Jamnagar, Kathiawar through Mr. P. D. Madhani, M.A., LL.B., Jamnagar.

The total receipt upto 6th inst., Rs. 2,46,482-3-3.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT: Public meeting to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. at the Labour Welfare Centre, Worli. Mr. B. R. Kadrekar and Mr. Lal Din Nizami will speak.

SHIVAJI PARK CHARKHA SANGH: First anniversary celebration to-day (Tuesday) at 7 p.m. at "Meena House", Plot No. 132 Shivaji Park Road No. 2, Dadar.

"DEFENCE RULES NOT APPLICABLE TO TRADE DISPUTES"

BOMBAY, Monday.

Rule 38 of the Defence of India Rules relating to prejudicial acts vas never intended to penalise cases of strikes and trade disputes. This argument was advanced to-day by Mr. K. T. Sule, Advocate in a revision application in the Bombay High Court on behalf of Kasinath Dayaram Chaudhari, a communist and secretary of a Railwaymen's Union.

The accused was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment by a First Class Magistrate under Rule 38 of the Defence of India Rule for instigating a strike in a Reserve Supply Base Depot. The accused's appeal to the Sessions Judge against the sentence was dismissed and hence the revision application.

Mr. Justice Wadia and Mr. Justice Lokur admitted the application and issued a rule.

Girni Kamgar Union Protests

The Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) has sent the following telegram to the Governor of Bombay:

The Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) strongly protest against Bombay Millowners' offer of only two months bonus despite huge profits. Workers demand three months' bonus and the cancellation of conditions depriving thousands of their just bonus

We strongly urge Government to disapprove the scheme and consider the Unions' memorandum and request joint conference of Government, workers and owners to receive deputation.

Workers who saved production for people by self-sacrifice of staggering expect just and fair deal.

MADRAS: In order to assure and regulate the supply of firewood to Madras City the Government have decided to depute a Special District Forest Officer to act as liaison officer between the Collector of Madras and the supplying areas in the districts including the Reserve Forests.

The Government propose to build up a reserve stock of 6,000 tons of firewood for the city besides getting the monthly requirement of 12,000 tons.—A. P.

CITY MARKETS

BOMBAY Monday.

SHARES: The Share Bazar was very steady to-day with improved buying There being limited offerings, prices recorded moderate gains. Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1,937 and after advancing to Rs. 1950 steadied at Rs 1,945. Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 401. Dena Investment Shares changed hands at Rs. 26 and Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 122. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1,970

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Tata Steel Ord. (396/8) 398 402/8 1 2/8 2 1/8 3/8 5/8 2 3/8 1/8; T. S. Dfd. (1917/8) 1927/8 37/8 35 50 40 47 42 57/8 67/8 52/8 57/8 50; B. Dyeing (1956/4) 1965 77/8 82/8 78/12 82/8 76/4 82/8 76/4 82/8 75 87 76 80 75 77/8; Century (953) 957 52 64 61 63 60 59 63 59 63 56 60 58; Kohinoor (632) 637 36 42 40 39 42 40 45 40 38; Swadesh (587) 589 93 92 98 608 4 7 5 8; Nagpur (468) 471 69 72/8 71 76 73 74 73; Simplex (280/8) 282 83 84 82 84 83/8; New Great (428) 431 34 36 35 36 34/8; Gokak (346) 348 50 48 52 50 Cement (219/8) 220 24 21/12 23/12 22.

and improved to Rs. 1,985 but later were done at Rs. 1,980. Century Shares were quoted at Rs. 961 while Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 641

GOVT. SECURITIES: 2-3/4 per cent 1948-52 Loan 99-12, 3-1/2 per cent G. P. Note 97-5, 3 per cent 1946 Def. Loan 102-5, 3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-10, 3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 100-2, 5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 106-5, 3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 98-2, 4-1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 115-8, 3-1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103-7, 4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 111-13, 3 per cent 1953-55 Def. 100-12.

TAXFREE LOANS: 5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 106-5, 5 per cent Mysore 1953-63 123.

BULLION: The local market was fairly steady with moderate buying. Recently no sales of gold were reported at lower prices and there was increased short covering Now sales of gold are resumed and today sales were reported at Rs. 78/14. The market opened at Rs. 78/2 and advanced to Rs. 78/14 while silver was quoted at Rs 122/14. The technical position of the market does not seem healthy and intending buyers will do by waiting.

The market ruled very steady and final quotations were as under:—Gold Ready Rs. 78/14; Delivery Rs. 18/10; Sovereigns Rs. 53/8, Ready Silver Rs. 123/12, Delivery Rs. 122/12.

COTTON: The cotton market was barely steady with a moderate business. At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 461 and declined to Rs. 459 under scattered buying. At the decline there appeared some covering and buying support and prices improved to Rs. 461. The demand was satisfied and prices steadied at Rs. 461. The clearing is coming on Friday and all open transactions will have to provide deposit at the rate of Rs. 25 per bale. This may lead to even up some open business in the next three days.

Prices declined to Rs. 458 and the market closed at 4 p.m. being "Ekadashi" as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
I. C. C. Jan.	459	8	0
,, Mar	462	8	0
,, May	467	8	0

COTTON PARITY: Indian cotton I.C.C. January is below New York 182 cent points at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, November 6.

High and low close I.C.C. Jan. 466/12 460, 461; I.C.C. Mar 469/8, 463, 464; I.C.C May 474/4, 468, 469

SEEDS: The seeds market was quiet on reports of increased arrivals in upcountry markets. Groundnuts ready were quoted at Rs. 17/6 and Dec./January business was reported at Rs. 16/13. Linseed market was dull with ready quoted at Rs 14/4

L. S. G. D. EXAM. RESULTS

The following students have passed the L.S.G.D. Examination held in the month of September 1943.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT)

1. Kanjibhai B. Patel (with distinction). 2. Ramniklal R. Anada (with distinction). 3. Kantilal Mansukhram Shah (with distinction). 4. Ratilal M. Gandhi (with distinction). 5. Rambhai P. Patel. 6. Gordhandas Virchandas Shah. 7. M. B. Chitre. 8. Bhailal C. Patel. 9. B. H. Suryavanshi. 10. Ghanshyam B. Dave. 11. Popatlal G. Shah. 12. J. S. Mahagaonkar. 13. Himatlal R. Shukla. 14. Punjalal M. Shah. 15. Vidwan M. Kumaran. 16. H. B. Parekh. 17. M. K. Kale. 18. L. N. Shrivastva. 19. Wilfred Solomon. 20. K. S. Jadhav. 21. U. S. Upadhyaya. 22. Hariharlal A. Mehta. 23. R. S. Tandon. 24. Rudraprasad L. Trivedi. 25. T. B. Desai. 26. Navinchandra M. Pandya. 27. Biharilal M. Gandhi. 28. Balkrishna M. Thakar.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

In Sunday's news supplement to the Illustrated Weekly called the 'Evening News', there appears a picture of a tea party given to Mr. A. K. Pillai, an obscure gentleman so far as we are concerned who is going to England on a mission on behalf of an equally obscure party known as the Radical Democratic party. The party was given at the Cricket Club by Sir Homi Mehta, Mr. Pillai said, (according to the letter-press under the photo,) that when in England he would "interpret the aspirations and ideals of new India to the British people". He would, according to the same letter-press, tell them that there was an India, the real India of the masses, which was not the same as Congress India, Muslim League India or the Princely India.

Somehow the whole thing looks very fishy to me. Who is this Pillai? Who is the Radical Democratic Party? What claims has it to interpret India to the British people? What contact has it with "the real India of the masses"? My personal feeling is that this whole "mission" which incidentally has no business to be so called is sponsored directly or indirectly by one of the Government of India's propaganda departments. Whatever it is the claim that the Radical Democratic Party can interpret India to the British people is a claim that must be challenged. If allowed to go uncontested it would be the greatest hoax played on the British people.

* * *

I hardly thought I'd see a play written by a friend of mine produced in our city. But Terence Rattigan's play FRENCH WITHOUT TEARS will be here on Nov. 13th and 14th. We won't have the Criterion Theatre but we'll have the Sunderbai Hall and what is more it will be for Bengal Relief. The cast includes copper-haired Barbarra Lyons and Don Tostar, whom I don't know.

PREMIERE NEXT FRIDAY 7 P. M.

'ROYAL' Jewel No. 18 in Hindi and Marathi

Co-Starring:
PAGNIS & DURGA KHOTE

Daily Four Shows:

HINDI: 4 & 7 p. m.

MARATHI: 1 & 10 p. m.

MAJESTIC

Advance Booking from To-morrow

Stooping He Knew Not! MINERVA'S Mammoth Historical

VALLABH Director: SOHRAB MODI

6th WEEK OF CROWDS

NEW WEST END

Daily—4, 7, 10 p. m.

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Comfort comes fast when you rub throat and chest with Vicks VapoRub and cover with warm flannel. Like a poultice, VapoRub "warms away" pain. It also gives off healing vapours that you breathe in direct to the irritated membranes. Also let a little VapoRub melt on the tongue, bathing the throat with soothing medication.

VICKS VAPORUB

A TALE OF HONEY-MOON X-RAYED

PRAFULLA'S & WINAYAK'S

CHIMUKALA SANSAR

3rd Week at

KRISHNA

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READ ON

There is one waiting for you now in one of the Fighting Forces — Clerical work, on good pay, with opportunities for promotion. In addition to your pay, accommodation, food and clothing are provided free.

Interested? Then get an application form to-day from the nearest Technical Recruiting Office. Applicants must be matriculates or the equivalent or must have previous clerical experience.

Fighting Forces OFFER YOU A BETTER JOB

APPLY TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICES

ABBOTTABAD, Hoti House.
AHMEDABAD, Lal Darwaza, Mirzapur Road.
AMBALA CANTT., 31, Alexandra Rd. Near Butchery.
ASANSOL, Dr. Nichol Road.
BANGALORE, Cornwallis Barracks, Trinity Road.
BELGAUM, Old Telegraph Office, Bungalow No. 39.
BEZWADA, "Sorab Manor" Bunder Road.
BOMBAY, Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao.
CALCUTTA, No. 7 St. Georges Gate Road, Hastings.
CAMPBELLPORE, Opposite Supply Depot.
COIMBATORE, Trichy Road.
DELHI, No.1, Lothian Road, Kashmere Gate.
GUJRAT (Punjab), Residence of Ch. Asghar Ali.
HYDERABAD (Sind), Bungalow No. 12, Near Bhai Band Club.
INDORE, Mr. Swami Saran Ratlam House.
JHELUM, Jada Road.
JULLUNDUR CANTT., 1, Cantt.
KARACHI SADDAR, 10/1, Fowlei Lines.
KHANDWA, Military Barracks.
LAHORE, 30, Davis Road.
LUDHIANA, Sheepshank Road.
LUCKNOW, Hazratganj.
LUCKNOW, 87, Bisheshwarnath Rd.
MADRAS, Pudupet Lines, Mount Road, P.O.
MEERUT, 286, Western Kutchery Rd.
MULTAN, Old Civil Lines.
NARAYANGUNJ, Tan Bazar Road.
NAGPUR, Assembly Rest House.
PATNA, Exhibition Road.
PESHAWAR CANTT., Jamrud Rd.
POONA, Staunton Road.
QUETTA, Block No. 3, Stewart Rd. (Opp. Baldish).
RAWALPINDI, Old N.W. Army Enclave Gwynn Thomas Road
ROHTAK, Circular Road.
SARGODHA, No. 2, Civil Lines.
SHILLONG, Secretariat Hill.
SIALKOT, Krishna Lodge, Near Bhed Nala Bridge, Kachehry Rd.
TRICHINOPOLY, Madura Road.
TRIVANDRUM, Bharat Bldg., Railway Station Rd.

apply right now!

CPU-343

GREATEST GERM KILLING POWERS

Does the antiseptic you use actually kill germs? Listerine Antiseptic destroys 95% of the mouth and throat germs in 30 seconds time. It is unequalled for safe, effective use. Protect your health and sweeten your breath with Listerine Antiseptic. V-43

LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a beautiful poor Gowd Saraswat Brahmin girl or virgin-widow aged between 20-25 for a man of 31 years of the same caste doing independent business view matrimony. Write in confidence to Box 3165, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for Overseas—Mussalman tally clerks able to read, write and speak English, not more than forty years of age. Apply with copies of testimonials stating age to Post Box 919, Bombay. (6711)

Wanted 1 Graduate with Languages, 1 B. Sc. with Physics and Chemistry. Permanent Posts. Provident Fund. Liberal Salary. Apply personally Principal, Master's Tutorial H. School, Kennedy Bridge, Gowalia Tank, Bombay, between 10 and 12. 3158

Wanted actors and actresses. Apply sharp to Film T. Bureau P.B. 149, Lahore. (6743)

Wanted energetic and hard-working representatives, with previous experience, for selling Pharmaceutical products. Apply in person between 3 and 5 p. m. to Katamol Works, Vissonji Park, Naigam Cross Road, Dadar (G.I.P.) (3170)

Wanted Graduate Teachers immediately. Apply Principal—The Bazargate High School, Fort. (3169)

Wanted urgently by a Doctor in Bandra, a qualified or experienced compounder. Must be honest, civil, tidy and hardworking. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials, Box No. 3166. "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Part-time Job clerk-typist preferably in Dadar or Fort area. Apply Box No. 3172, "Bombay Chronicle."

69. FLATS WANTED.

Wanted a Decent Flat, Marine Drive, Malabar Hill or in a decent locality. Helper will be rewarded. Apply G. L. Sheth, I.C.S., Ishwar Nivas, Marine Drive, Bombay. (3140)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Engineering Exams Institute Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Applications invited from candidates who have passed I.Sc. (Maths. Phy. & Chem.) or Overseer Exam. of Engineering Schools (Govt. or Recognised) for Preparation Class for A.M.I.E. Exam. (Recognised by Govt. of India), Session January, 1944. Competent Staff. Hostel Arrangements. Free Prospectus from Director. (6678)

827. AGENTS WANTED

Persons Interested In Local and Thana District Agencies for candles may please apply personally to M|s Iftkhar and Company. Devkaran Nanjee Buildings, 3rd Floor, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. For mofussil district Agencies. Apply in writing, minimum guarantee in both cases essential. (3168)

PUBLIC NOTICE

G. I. P. RAILWAY
SUBURBAN TRAIN NOTICE
(MAIN LINE)

THE PUBLIC IS NOTIFIED that No. 602 Up Kurla Local train scheduled to leave Kurla at 3-15 hrs., will be cancelled on 9th and 10th November, 1943. (6742)

M. S. M. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE CHIEF ENGINEER invites sealed tenders for the "Reconstruction of 11 laterite bridges on the West of India Portuguese Railway."

Tender forms with schedules giving full particulars of work, instructions to parties tendering and conditions of contract can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer's Office, Park Town, Madras, on payment of Rs. 10|- each which will not be refundable.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500|- Intending tenderers can obtain information as to the approved quarries and see any plan necessary at the Office of the District Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Mormugao.

Tenders should be superscribed "LATERITE BRIDGES—W. I. P. RAILWAY", and submitted so as to reach the Chief Engineer, Madras, not later than 12 noon on 20-12-1943. 6738

NOTICE.

WANTED 3 or 4 youngmen qualified in Mining and Geology to work as Asst. Quarry Managers in Limestone Quarries. Starting salary Rs. 125 p.m., but a higher salary may be given to candidates possessing more suitable qualifications and experience.

Apply immediately to Box No. 6730 "Bombay Chronicle."

THE E. D. SASSOON UNITED MILLS, LTD.

TEMPORARY TRANSFER RECEIPT No. 9|891 of the abovementioned Company for 50 shares Nos. 3624832|3624881 standing in the name of Mr. Muradally Shamji, has been lost and the undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicate of the said temporary transfer receipt.

Any person having any objection to the E. D. Sassoon United Mills Ltd., issuing duplicate of the said temporary receipt should lodge such objection with the Company at its registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate temporary transfer receipt.

MURADALI SHAMJI. (6741)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 per Inch.

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Muslim candidates to fill the post of Technologist in charge of Fish by-Products under the Director of Fisheries, Bengal. Pay—125-250. Age—below 40. Qualifications—M. Sc. in Chemistry with practical experience in modern methods of curing fish and utilisation of fish wastes. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 30th November, 1943. 6733

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Open Space in the Victoria Gardens at the junction of Victoria Gardens Road and Connaught Road and the Open Space at North-brook Garden will be kept reserved for Two Weeks from 9th November 1943 to 23rd November 1943 for holding the By-Election for wards Nos. 11 (Mazgaon and Tarwadi) and 12 (1st Nagpada, 2nd Nagpada and Kamathipura) respectively.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
D. I. AHMADI,
Superintendent, Municipal Gardens.
Victoria Gardens Office, Bombay, Dated 8th November, 1943. 6736

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates to fill a temporary post of Inspector of Factories in the Bengal Factories Service. The vacancy though temporary is likely to continue at least for the duration of the war and is reserved for a non-Muslim other than a member of the Scheduled Castes. Pay-275 plus a motor allowance of Rs. 80 and a compensatory allowance of Rs. 72. Age between 25 and 30. Qualifications—a degree or diploma in Engineering of a British University or Technical College or an associate membership of a recognised British Institute of Engineers or an associate membership of the Institute of Engineers (India), or a certificate of competency issued by the Board of Trade as extra first class or first class engineer. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 4th December, 1943. 6731

SALE OF RICE MILL AT KALYAN

A FULLY EQUIPPED RICE MILL, known as Rice Mill of Anant Sakharam Joshi of Dombivli, situate in Municipal Nos. 1/25 and 1/26 with spacious Godown and buildings and machinery in excellent condition is to be sold.

SALE OF TARA MANSION, MATUNGA.

The Building known as "Tara Mansion," opposite Matunga (G. I. P. Rly. Station) situate on Improvement Trusts Plot No. 292 is to be sold.

Intending purchasers to either properties should communicate their offer in writing to the undersigned at an early date.

K. J. KALE & CO.,
Solicitors, Medows House, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 6737

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

OUR CLIENTS were the highest bidders and declared to be the Purchasers of the undermentioned property at the auction sale held on 2nd November, 1943, by the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay in Suit No. 470 of 1943 (O.S.) Rabiabai, widow and Others vs. The Advocate General of Bombay. All persons having any claim whatsoever against the said property are hereby required to communicate with the undersigned at Nos. 41-45 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land, situate on the South side of the 1st Chinch Bunder Road, containing by admeasurement 1,100 Square Yards bearing Collector's Old Nos. 1246-1249, 1/1518, New Nos. 6990, 6993, 7272, Old Survey Nos. 112-123, 124 New Survey No. 2691, Cadastral Survey No. 1696 Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 1066 Street Nos. 189 to 195A Dongri Street B Ward No. 1067 Street Nos. 27 to 35 First Chinch Bunder Road B Ward Nos. 1068-1069(1) Street Nos. 187-187A, 181, 183-185 Dongri Street and B Ward No. 1070(1) Street Nos. 23-25 Chinch Bunder First Road.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1943.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO., Purchasers' Attorneys. 6744

PUBLIC NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

THE GOVERNMENT of India have published a Handbook on Import Trade Control containing a brief account of the Import Trade Control system at present in force in India. The Handbook has been compiled for the use of importers and contains in full the Government notifications concerning Import Trade Control together with complete copies of the various forms of application for import licences. Copies of the Handbook may be purchased from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, at a cost of Rs. 2, or 3 shillings, each. 6735

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Executive Officer for Cloth Movement, Government of India, Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay. Salary maximum Rs. 2,000 according to qualifications. Qualifications required are—a thorough knowledge of piecegoods trade in India and a knowledge of shipping and railway transport. Applications should be submitted to the Textile Commissioner, Hararwala Building, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 6740

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Muslim candidates to fill a post of Electric Inspector, Bengal, in the Bengal General Service. Pay—250-500. Age—between 25 and 35. Qualifications—a thorough technical education and at least five years' practical experience. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 29th November, 1943. 6732

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.
and
In the matter of THE MARWADI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, LIMITED.
The MARWADI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, LTD..... .... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition was on the 5th day of November, 1943, presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by the abovenamed Company to confirm the alteration of the said Company's objects proposed to be effected by a Special Resolution of the Company passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 1st day of September, 1943 and which was adjourned to the 8th day of September, 1943 and notice of which was sent to the members of the Company. A copy of the said Resolution will be furnished to any person requiring the same by the Company's Solicitors Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN to the holders of debentures of the above Company, constituted by the Debenture Trust Deed, dated the 28th day of February, 1936, and to other creditors of the Company and persons whose interest is likely to be affected, that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Sitting Judge in Chambers hearing company matters on the 26th day of November, 1943. Members and any person interested in the Company, whether as debenture holder, creditor or otherwise, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the confirmation of the said alteration under the above Act should appear at the time of the hearing of the said Petition by himself or attorney or counsel for the purpose and a copy of the said Petition shall be furnished to any such person requiring the same by the Company's Solicitors on payment of usual charges.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1943.

WADIA GHANDY & CO., Petitioner's Attorneys. 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 6746

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of JAVERBAI, widow of Govindji Jeevandas.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the abovenamed Bai Javerbai Govindji Jeevandas, deceased, who died at Bombay on or about the 23rd day of September, 1943, are hereby required to send in their claims to the undersigned as attorneys for the Executors of the last Will of the abovenamed deceased at their office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the executors will hand over the estate to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1943.

MULLA & MULLA, Attorneys for the Executors of the Will of Javerbai, widow of Govindji Jeevandas. (6719)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NASIRUDDIN TAJMAHOMED MOKNOJA and NOORMAHOMED ALIJI MAREDIA have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within Fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being at Falkland Road or Second Carpenter Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 183 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1907, New No. 9041, Old Survey No. 527, New Survey No. 5164, Cadastral Survey No. 2963 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the Books of Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "C" Ward No. 6617 and Street Nos. 1 and 486 and 500 and bounded as follows:— that is to say, on or towards the East by Falkland Road, on or towards the West by property bearing C. S. No. 2964 of the said Division, on or towards the North by Second Carpenter Street, on or towards the South by property of C. S. No. 3007 of the said Division.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1943.

CHANDRASEN & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 6722

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Diesel Engine Spare Parts. By order of the party concerned Messrs. Mistry & Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction the Brand New and Second hand Diesel Engine Spare parts, etc., at B.P.T. Godown No. 4. Date Bazar, Carnac Bunder on Thursday the 11th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.)

Property on view from 10th inst.

MISTRY & CO., Tel. No. 22801. Auctioneers,

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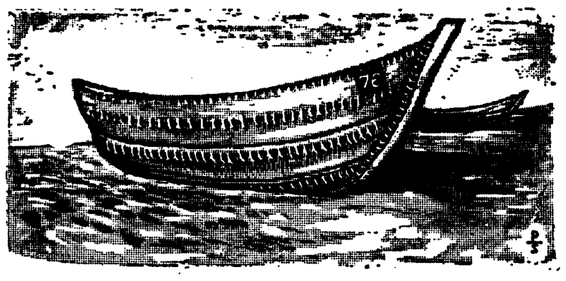

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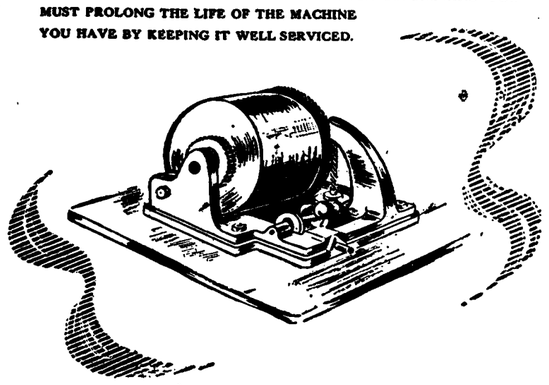

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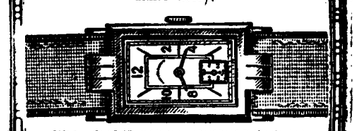

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